

Coordinated Service Planning Referral Form

Centre du développement des enfants et des adolescent

Fax to 613-545-3557 Questions? Call 613-544-3400 x 3175 or Toll Free: 1-855-544-3400 ext. 3175

Service Providers please note: Referrals will not be processed without the **Child & Family Review** AND **Consent to Share Information** (if applicable) Families: please disregard. We will assist you with this step.

A. Referral Source Information: (This form may b	e completed by family or service provider.)
Today's Date (dd/mm/yyyy):	
Name (Referring Individual):	
Agency/Organization (If you are a Service Provider):	
Contact Phone #:	Alternate #:
Reason CSP is being requested:	
Are you the legal guardian? V N N I If No have Darants/	uardians consented to this referral? Y N N
Are you the legal guardian? Y N If No, have Parents/C Family lives in: Lanark County Leeds & Grenville	
B. Child / Youth Information:	
Last Name:	First Name:
Date of Birth (dd/mm/yyyy):	Address:
	City: Postal Code:
Parent/Guardian Name #1:	
Legal Guardian: Y N N Living With Child: Y N N	Relationship:
Address: Same as Child/Youth 🗌	City: Postal Code:
Check Preferred # Home #:	ell #: 🗌 Work #:
Parent/Guardian Name #2:	
Legal Guardian: Y 🗌 N 📄 Living With Child: Y 🗌 N 🗌	Relationship:
Address: Same as Child/Youth 🗌	City: Postal Code:
Check Preferred # Home #:	Tell #: Work #:
Custody Arrangements (if applicable): Joint 🗌 Sole 🗌 No Agree Comments/Details:	ement 🔲 Formal Agreement 🗌 Family &Children Services 🗌
C. Additional Information (Voluntary):	
Self-Identification: Francophone First Nations	Metis Inuit
Language(s) Spoken:	Interpreter Required: Y N
D. Who else is working with the child/youth? (Includ	e family doctor, health care specialists, school, child care, etc.)
Service Name	Contact Name & Phone # Active (A) or Waiting (W)
	Kinesten Lisalik

Sciences Centre Centre des sciences de la santé de Kingston

Hotel D Hospita Hopital Général de Kingston General Hospital

CHILD AND FAMILY REVIEW for Coordinated Service Planning

EXTERNAL REFERRAL VERSION

CORE INFORMATION				
Client Name:		DOB:DD/MM/YYYY		
Date of Assessment:	Completed by:			
D D/MM/YYYY				
Completed with:				
Notes:				

CHILD/YOUTH COMPLEXITY			
Item	Rating	Ranking Definitions	
 PHYSICAL/MEDICAL This rating describes both health problems and chronic/acute physical conditions. This rating refers to conditions such as epilepsy, asthma, diabetes and any other medical condition. (CANS –Multisystem Assessment (5+) Burlington-#20) 	-	 Child/youth is physically healthy. There is no reason to believe that the child has any medical or physical problems. Mild or well-managed physical/medical problems (i.e. well controlled epilepsy or recently healed or healing injury). This would also include well-managed chronic conditions like juvenile diabetes or asthma. Poorly or well-managed physical condition of moderate medica problems that cause ongoing pain or impair or present risk to physical functioning Severe, life threatening physical or medical problems 	
COMMENTS		3 F f f f f f f f f f f	
2. DEVELOPMENTAL This item compares the child's progress to standard developmental milestones such as communication, including receptive and expressive language; ambulating, including walking and moving with assistive devices; toileting, and social interactions with peers and adults. (CANS-NY 6-21 #87)	-	 Child has no known delay in development Child is suspected of having, or is known to have a mild delay in development. Child has a moderate delay in development. Child has a severe delay in development. 	
3. TREATMENT NEEDS This rating describes the intensity of the treatment needed to address the problems, risk behaviours, and functioning of the child or youth. (CANS-CCC 7-17 - #46)	-	 Child has no behavioural/physical/medical treatment needs to be administered by the parent/primary caregiver. Child requires weekly behavioural/physical/medical treatment by the parent/primary caregiver. Child requires daily behavioural/physical/medical treatment by the parent/primary caregiver. This would include ensuring the child takes daily medication. Child requires multiple and complex daily behavioural/physical/medical treatment/primary 	
COMMENTS		caregiver (complicated treatment cases).	

4. MOTOR FUNCTIONING. This item describes the child's fine (e.g. hand grasping and manipulation) and gross (e.g. walking, running) motor functioning. (CANS-NY- #87-D)	-	 No evidence of problems with motor functioning. Mild fine or gross motor skill deficits. Moderate motor deficits. A non-ambulatory child with fine motor skills or an ambulatory child with significant fine motor deficits or a child who meets criteria for a motor disorder would be rated here. Severe motor deficits. A non-ambulatory child with fine motor skill deficits is rated here.
COMMENTS		
5. DIAGNOSTIC CLARITY This item describes the current complexity of the child's diagnosis and treatment protocol. (CANS-CCC 7-17 - #45)	-	 The child's medical diagnoses are clear and there is no doubt as to the correct diagnoses. Symptom presentation is clear. Although there is some confidence in the accuracy of child's diagnoses, there also exists sufficient complexity in the child's symptom presentation to raise concerns that the diagnoses may not be accurate. There is substantial concern about the accuracy of the child's medical diagnoses due to the complexity of symptom presentation. It is currently not possible to accurately diagnose the child's medical condition(s)
COMMENTS	1	
6. AGGRESSION This item describes the child/adolescent's behaviour that is dangerous to others. (CANS DP-ASP 2015 - #45)	-	 No evidence that the child/adolescent is aggressive beyond normal developmental expectations. Child/adolescent has a history of aggressive behaviour that has hurt others or child/adolescent engages in somewhat elevated levels of aggression relative to normal developmental expectations. Child/adolescent engages in aggressive behaviour that places other at risk of injury. Child/adolescent engages in frequent and/or severe aggressive behaviour that places others at risk of injury requiring medical attention.
COMMENTS		
7. SELF-INJURIOUS BEHAVIOUR This rating is used for any intentional self- harming behaviour (e.g., head banging, biting) that does not have a suicidal intent. A rating of 3 indicates need for a safety plan. (CANS DP-ASP 2015 - #46)	-	 No history of self-injurious behaviour. A history of self-injurious behaviour but none within the past 30 days or minor self-injuring behaviour (i.e., scratching) in the last 30 days that does not require any medical attention. Moderate self-injurious behaviour in the last 30 days requiring medical assessment (cutting, burns, piercing skin with sharp objects, repeated head banging) that has potential to cause safety risk to child/adolescent. One or more incidents of self-injurious behaviour in the last 30 days requiring medical intervention (e.g., sutures, surgery) and that is significant enough to put child/adolescent's health at risk
COMMENTS	1	
8. FLIGHT RISK This rating refers to any planned or impulsive running or "bolting" behaviour that presents a	-	 This rating is for a child/adolescent with no history of running away or bolting and no ideation involving escaping from the present living situation.

This item rates the ability of the child to perform the self-care activities of daily living, such as personal hygiene, obtaining and eating food, dressing, avoiding injury. (CANS-NY 6-21 #99) Child is fully independent across these areas, as developmentally appropriate. (CANS-NY 6-21 #99) - (CANS-DP-ASP 2015-#10) - (CANS-DP-ASP 2015-#10) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<	risk to the safety of the child/adolescent. Factors to consider in determining level of risk include age of child/ adolescent, frequency and duration of escape episodes, timing and context, and other risky activities while running. (CANS DP-ASP 2015 - #48)		 This rating is for a child/adolescent with a history of running away but none in the past month, or a child/adolescent who expresses ideation about escaping present living situation or has threatened to run. A child who bolts occasionally might be rated here. This rating is for a child/adolescent that has engaged in escape behaviours during the past 30 days. Repeated bolting would be rated here. This rating is for a child/adolescent who has engaged in escape behaviours that places the safety of the child/adolescent at significant risk.
This item rates the ability of the child to perform the self-care activities of daily living, such as personal hygiene, obtaining and eating food, dressing, avoiding injury. (CANS-NY 6-21 #89) Child is fully independent across these areas, as developmentally appropriate. 1. Mild problems with self-care activities of daily living. Child is generally good with self-care activities of daily living. Child is generally good with self-care activities of daily living. Child appropriate activities. 2. Moderate problems with self-care activities of daily living. Child requires significant and consistent adult support to complete source specific developmentally appropriate self-care activities. 3. Severe problems with self-care activities of daily living. Child requires significant and consistent adult support to complete developmentally appropriate self-care activities. 40. SCHOOL ATTENDANCE 10. SCHOOL ATTENDANCE 0. No evidence of attendance problems with attendance, althoug he/sh generally goes to school and/or in therapy. (cANS-DP.ASP 2015 - #10) 11. TRANSITIONS 12. Child/adolescent is auronthy having problems with attendance, althoug he/sh generally goes to school and/or therapy. He/she may have one or two excused absences per month. 2. Child/adolescent is auronthy having problems with attendance, althoug he/sh generally goes to school and/or therapy. He/she may have one or two excused absences in a month 3. Child/adolescent is unsiting school and/or therapy on a weekly basis or more, whether excused or unexcused. COMMENTS 14. TRANSITIONS <td< td=""><td>COMMENTS</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	COMMENTS		
This item rates the ability of the child to perform the self-care activities of daily living, such as personal hygiene, obtaining and eating food, dressing, avoiding injury. (CANS-NY 6-21 #89) Child is fully independent across these areas, as developmentally appropriate. 1. Mild problems with self-care activities of daily living. Child is generally good with self-care activities of daily living. Child appropriate activities. 2. Moderate problems with self-care activities of daily living. Child requires significant and consistent adult support to complete some specific developmentally appropriate self-care activities. 3. Severe problems with self-care activities of daily living. Child requires significant and consistent adult support to complete developmentally appropriate self-care activities. 40. School Ant/or in therapy. (CANS-DP-ASP 2015 - #10) 10. School and/or in therapy. (CANS-DP-ASP 2015 - #10) 11. TRANSITIONS 12. Child/adolescent is summary have one or two excused absences per month. 3. Child/adolescent is missing school and/or therapy. He/she may have one or two excused absences per month. 3. Child/adolescent is summary have one or two excused absences per month. 4. Child/adolescent is missing school and/or therapy. He/she may have one or two excused absences per month. 5. Child/adolescent is unrently having problems with attendance. Althoug he/she generally goes to school and/or therapy on a weekly basis or more, whether excuse			
COMMENTS 10. SCHOOL ATTENDANCE This item describes the child/adolescent's attendance at school and/or in therapy. (CANS-DP-ASP 2015 - #10) 0. No evidence of attendance problems. Child/adolescent attend regularly. - - Child/adolescent has some problems with attendance, althoug he/she generally goes to school and/or therapy. He/she may have one or two excused absences per month. 2. Child/adolescent is currently having problems with attendance He/she may have one or two unexcused absences in a month 3. Child/adolescent is missing school and/or therapy on a weekly basis or more, whether excused or unexcused. COMMENTS 11. TRANSITIONS This item rates the ability of the child/youth to anticipate, plan, and adapt to global transition phases (e.g., preschool to elementary school; secondary school to vocational setting) or transition events in one's life (e.g., relocations, births of siblings, marriages/deaths in the family). (CANS-CCC 7-17 - #51) 0. No evidence of problems with transitions. The child/youth is generally go with global transitions/events but may experience some difficulties without support. 2. Moderate problems with transitions. The child/youth has exhibited difficulty with global transitions/events atypical of developmental level. 3. Severe problems with transitions. Global changes are very disrupting and can be very disabling for the child/youth.	This item rates the ability of the child to perform the self-care activities of daily living, such as personal hygiene, obtaining and eating food, dressing, avoiding injury.	-	 Child is fully independent across these areas, as developmentally appropriate. Mild problems with self-care activities of daily living. Child is generally good with self-care activities but may require some adult support to complete some specific developmentally appropriate activities. Moderate problems with self-care activities of daily living. Child has difficulties with developmentally appropriate self-care activities. Severe problems with self-care activities of daily living. Child requires significant and consistent adult support to complete
This item describes the child/adolescent's attendance at school and/or in therapy. (CANS-DP-ASP 2015 - #10) regularly. 1. Child/adolescent has some problems with attendance, althoug he/she generally goes to school and/or therapy. He/she may have one or two excused absences per month. 2. Child/adolescent is currently having problems with attendance. He/she may have one or two unexcused absences per month. 3. Child/adolescent is currently having problems with attendance. He/she may have one or two unexcused absences in a month attendance. He/she may have one or two unexcused absences in a month attendance. He/she may have one or two unexcused absences in a month attendance. He/she may have one or two unexcused absences in a month attendance. He/she may have one or two unexcused absences in a month attendance. This item rates the ability of the child/youth to anticipate, plan, and adapt to global transition phases (e.g., preschool to elementary school; elementary school to secondary school; secondary school to vocational setting) or transition events in one's life (e.g., relocations, births of siblings, marriages/deaths in the family). (CANS-CCC 7-17 - #51) 0. No evidence of problems with transitions. The child/youth has every disrupting and can be very disabling for the child/youth.	COMMENTS		developmentally appropriate self-care activities.
attendance at school and/or in therapy. 1. Child/adolescent has some problems with attendance, althoughe/she generally goes to school and/or therapy. He/she may have one or two excused absences per month. 2. Child/adolescent is currently having problems with attendance, althoughe/she may have one or two excused absences in a month 3. Child/adolescent is missing school and/or therapy. He/she may have one or two unexcused absences in a month 3. Child/adolescent is missing school and/or therapy on a weekly basis or more, whether excused or unexcused. COMMENTS 11. TRANSITIONS Comments 0. No evidence of problems with transitions. The child/youth to anticipate, plan, and adapt to global transition phases (e.g., preschool to elementary school; elementary school to secondary school; elementary school to secondary school; elementary school to vocational setting) or transition events in one's life (e.g., relocations, births of siblings, marriages/deaths in the family). (CANS-CCC 7-17 - #51) 0. Severe problems with transitions. Global changes are very disrupting and can be very disabling for the child/youth.			
 COMMENTS 11. TRANSITIONS This item rates the ability of the child/youth to anticipate, plan, and adapt to global transition phases (e.g., preschool to elementary school; elementary school to secondary school; secondary school to vocational setting) or transition events in one's life (e.g., relocations, births of siblings, marriages/deaths in the family). (CANS-CCC 7-17 - #51) O. No evidence of problems with transitions. The child/youth experiences global transitions/events without difficulty. I. Mild problems with transitions. The child/youth is generally go with global transitions/events but may experience some difficulties without support. Moderate problems with transitions. The child/youth has exhibited difficulty with global transitions/events atypical of developmental level. Severe problems with transitions. Global changes are very disrupting and can be very disabling for the child/youth. 	attendance at school and/or in therapy.	-	 Child/adolescent has some problems with attendance, although he/she generally goes to school and/or therapy. He/she may have one or two excused absences per month. Child/adolescent is currently having problems with attendance. He/she may have one or two unexcused absences in a month. Child/adolescent is missing school and/or therapy on a weekly
 This item rates the ability of the child/youth to anticipate, plan, and adapt to global transition phases (e.g., preschool to elementary school; elementary school to secondary school; secondary school to vocational setting) or transition events in one's life (e.g., relocations, births of siblings, marriages/deaths in the family). (CANS-CCC 7-17 - #51) 	COMMENTS		
	This item rates the ability of the child/youth to anticipate, plan, and adapt to global transition phases (e.g., preschool to elementary school; elementary school to secondary school; secondary school to vocational setting) or transition events in one's life (e.g., relocations, births of siblings, marriages/deaths in the family).	-	 experiences global transitions/events without difficulty. 1. Mild problems with transitions. The child/youth is generally good with global transitions/events but may experience some difficulties without support. 2. Moderate problems with transitions. The child/youth has exhibited difficulty with global transitions/events atypical of developmental level. 3. Severe problems with transitions. Global changes are very
COMMENTS	COMMENTS	ı	

FAMILY COMPLEXITY			
1. FAMILY STRESS / FAMILY FUNCTIONING This item reflects the degree of stress or burden experienced by the family as a result of the individual's needs (CANS-DP-ASP 2015 - #53)	-	0. 1. 2. 3.	Family is able to manage the stress of child/adolescent's needs. Family has some problems managing the stress of child/adolescent's needs. Family has notable problems managing the stress of child/adolescent's needs. This stress interferes with the functioning of the family. Family is unable to manage the stress associated with child/adolescent's needs. This stress creates severe problems of family functioning.
COMMENTS			
2. PARENT RESOURCEFULNESS This item refers to the parents'/caregivers' ability to		0.	Parents/Caregivers are quite skilled at finding and using the necessary resources required to aid child in managing
recognize their environmental strengths and apply them to support a healthy development for their child. This includes ways of getting their needs met in a positive manner. Examples include: accessing community and other resources for self, the child, or		1.	challenges. Parents/Caregivers have some skills in finding and using necessary resources required to aid child's healthy lifestyle, but sometimes requires assistance at identifying or accessing these resources.
the family. (CANS-DP-ASP 2015 - #59)	-	2. 3.	Parents/Caregivers have limited skills at finding necessary resources required to aid child in achieving a healthy lifestyle and require temporary assistance both with identifying and accessing these resources. Parents/Caregivers have no skills at finding the necessary
			resources to aid child in achieving a healthy lifestyle and require ongoing assistance both with identifying and accessing these resources.
COMMENTS			
3. SLEEPING This item describes whether or not the child/adolescent gets a full night's sleep consistently or is sleeping too much. It is		0. 1.	Child/adolescent gets a full night's sleep each night. Child/adolescent has some problems sleeping. Generally, child/adolescent gets a full night's sleep but at least once a week
intended to reflect whether the child/adolescent goes to sleep easily, stays asleep during the night and wakes up easily in the morning.	-		problems arise. Child/adolescent is having problems with sleep. Sleep problems are interfering with functioning in at least one other life domain. Child/adolescent is experiencing significant sleep problems that
CANS –DP-ASP 2015 - #5		0.	result in sleep deprivation. Sleep problems are disabling.
COMMENTS	I	L	
4. PHYSICAL / BEHAVIOURAL HEALTH Physical and behavioural health includes medical, physical, and mental health, and		0. 1.	Caregiver(s) has no health limitations that impact assistance or care of child/adolescent. Caregiver(s) has some health limitations that interfere with
substance abuse challenges currently faced by the caregiver(s).	-	2.	provision of assistance or care to child/adolescent. Caregiver(s) has significant health limitations that prevent them from being able to provide some of needed assistance or make
CANS –DP-ASP 2015 - #52		3.	care of child/adolescent difficult. Caregiver(s) is physically or mentally unable to provide any needed assistance or care for child/adolescent.
COMMENTS	l	1	
5. RESIDENTIAL STABILITY	-	0.	Parent(s)/Caregiver(s) and child/adolescent have stable housing for the foreseeable future.

This dimension rates the parent/caregiver's current and likely future housing circumstances. CANS –DP-ASP 2015 - #56	 Parent(s)/Caregiver(s) and child/adolescent are currently in stable housing but have either moved in the past three months or there are significant risks of housing disruption (e.g., loss of job, change in foster / group homes) Parent(s)/Caregiver(s) and child/adolescent have moved multiple times in the past year or current housing is unstable. Parent(s)/Caregiver(s) and child/adolescent are currently homeless or have experienced periods of homelessness in the past six months and current housing remains unstable.
COMMENTS	
6. FINANCIAL RESOURCES This rating refers to the financial assistance that the parent(s)/caregiver(s) have knowledge of and their ability to access funding they are eligible for within their region. (receiving social assistance rated a 2) CANS –DP-ASP 2015 - #57	 Parent(s)/Caregiver(s) are aware of and/or receive all funding assistance they are eligible for. Parent(s)/Caregiver(s) are receiving some funding and/ or have some knowledge of financial resources available to them but require assistance in accessing the funding. Parent(s)/Caregiver(s) have limited knowledge of financial aids available to them and need assistance navigating the system and/ or may be receiving some limited amount of funding. Parent(s)/Caregiver(s) have severely limited knowledge of
COMMENTS	financial aids available to them and are not receiving any funding.
PARENT ISOLATION	
1. LANGUAGE This item rates the level of need regarding the parent's/caregiver's ability to understand and communicate with others in the predominant language of service delivery. Please rate the highest level from the past 30 days. CANS –DP-ASP 2015 - #11	 0. No evidence of language representing a barrier to service. 1. Language barriers represent a potential risk to service delivery. 2. Language barriers interfere significantly to service delivery. 3. Language barriers currently prevent effective service delivery.
COMMENTS	
 CULTURAL STRESS Culture stress refers to experiences and 	0. No evidence of stress between child/adolescent or the family's cultural identify and current living situation.
	Company and consolidation requiring from friction between the

1. Some mild or occasional stress resulting from friction between the child/adolescent or the family's cultural identify and his/her current living situation.

2. Child/adolescent or family is experiencing cultural stress that is causing problems of functioning in at least one life domain.

3. Child/adolescent or family is experiencing a high level of cultural stress that is making functioning in any life domain difficult under the present circumstances.

COMMENTS

challenging behaviours. CANS - DP-ASP 2015 - #51

3. NATURAL SUPPORTS		0.	Parent(s)/Caregiver(s) have significant natural supports. Multiple
This item refers to unpaid others who help out the parents/caregivers in times of need. CANS –DP-ASP 2015 - #58	-	1.	friends and neighbors routinely provide support for the family. Parent(s)/Caregiver(s) have some natural supports. Unpaid others will help out in times of need.

feelings of discomfort and/or distress arising

from friction (real or perceived) between an

predominant culture in which he/she lives. This

disability, sexual orientation, and the culture of

individual's own cultural identity and the

includes age, gender, ethnicity, physical

having a child/adolescent with autism with

	 Parent(s)/Caregiver(s) have friends and neighbors but it is not known whether they would be willing to help. Parent(s)/Caregiver(s) have no natural supports.
COMMENTS	

I. TRANSPORTATION		D. Child/adolescent has no unmet transportation needs.
This rating reflects the level of unmet ransportation needs that are required to ensure hat the child/adolescent could effectively participate in his/her own treatment. CANS –DP-ASP 2015 - #60	-	 Child/adolescent has no unner transportation needs. Child/adolescent has occasional transportation needs (e.g. appointments) but access to appropriate transportation is a challenge. These needs would be no more than weekly and not require a special vehicle. Child/adolescent with a parent(s)/caregiver(s) who needs transportation assistance to visit a child would be rated here. Child/adolescent has either occasional transportation needs that require a special vehicle or frequent transportation needs (e.g. daily) that do not require a special vehicle but access to transportation is difficult. Child/adolescent requires frequent (e.g. daily) transportation in a special vehicle and access to appropriate transportation is difficult
COMMENTS		
2. COORDINATION OF CARE / COMMUNICATION This rating describes the degree of existing partiers in the coordination of care and communication (verbal and written) between the system partners. CANS-CCC 7-17 - #50) COMMENTS		 No concerns around coordination of care or communication. Thera appears to be effective coordination of care and good communication among system partners. Limited or mild barriers to coordination of care and communication This may include such challenges as difficulty in contacting partners, delays in obtaining responses from various partner requests etc. Virtually no coordination of care and communication between system partners which is interfering with the ability to provide adequate care. This may include such challenges as the family has to recount their story multiple times to system partners; there is an absence of communication across system partners etc. Coordination of care and communication are preventing adequate care. This may include such challenges as partners working at cross purposes, serious errors in documentation or other errors in communication etc.
3. ACCESS TO SERVICES This item includes any challenges to access ncluding financial and wait lists CANS-CCC 0 to6 #34 or CCC 7to17 #49)	- 2	 Family has complete and timely access to all needed services. Family has access to most needed services but may be waitlisted for some services. Family has limited access to needed services or may be on an extended waitlist. Family does not have access to needed services.
COMMENTS	ı I	

RISK and/or PRIORITY CONTEXT FACTORS	
OTHER SECTOR INVOLVEMENT	YOND
Child/family are involved with the child welfare and/or youth justice systems	
MULTIPLE CARE DEMANDS	
There is more than one child with special needs being cared for by the family AND/OR there are other	YOND
extensive family member care demands for the primary caregivers (e.g. elder parents)	
RESIDENTIAL STABILITY	YOND
Family does not have a stable living situation or family has been or is at imminent risk of being evicted	
AT RISK OF ABANDONMENT	
Parents are indicating that they are going to relinquish care/responsibility for the child due to the stress of	YOND
care demands	
THE CHILD'S CONDITION IS DETERIORATING	YOND
Childs condition is palliative or is rapidly declining	
AT RISK OF HARM	YOND
Any family member is at immediate risk of harm/injury due to aggression on the part of the child	